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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/686,323	10/09/2000	Bin Zhao	97RSS433DIV	6870
25700 75	90 01/02/2003			
FARJAMI & FARJAMI LLP 16148 SAND CANYON IRVINE, CA 92618			EXAMINER	
			PERALTA,	PERALTA, GINETTE
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2814	
		DATE MAILED: 01/02/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	•	09/686,323	ZHAO, BIN			
•	Offic Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Ginette Peralta	2814			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24.	July 2002 .				
2a)⊠	•	is action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowa		s, prosecution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>93-117</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>93-117</u> is/are rejected.					
7) 🗆	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) 🔲 🖯	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
_	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
15)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
2) D Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	5) Notice of Info	nmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
U.S. Patent and Tr PTO-326 (Re		ction Summary	Part of Paper No. 13			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 93-117 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Michael et al. in view of Chen et al..

Michael et al. discloses in col. 5, line 10-col. 7, line 57, a method of manufacturing an interconnect that comprises forming a first patterned layer of conductive material 11, the firs patterned layer having at least one trench; depositing a first insulating layer 20 over the first patterned layer 11, the insulating layer filling the at least one trench; forming a first air gap, a second air gap, and a support pillar in the first insulating layer 20, the support pillar being situated between the first air gap and the second air gap (fig. 7); depositing a sealing layer over the first insulating layer to seal the first air gap and the second air gap, wherein the first insulating layer of Michael et al. comprises silicon oxide.

Michael et al. discloses the claimed invention with the exception of depositing a first hard mask on the first insulating layer and forming the first air gap, the second air gap and the support pillar on the first hard mask.

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Chen et al. discloses in col. 3, line 36- col. 4, line 13 a method of manufacturing an interconnect that comprises depositing a first insulating layer 24 over the substrate 20; depositing a first hard mask 26 on the first insulating layer; and forming a trench in the first hard mask and the first insulating layer; wherein the first insulating layer 24 comprises a low-k dielectric material used as a replacement for silicon oxide in order to further improve performance of the integrated circuits(col. 1, ll. 26-46), and the first hard mask is used to protect the low-k dielectric material that may exhibit patterning problems because of their low etch rate selectivity with respect to photoresist(col. 1, ll. 47-56).

Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a low-k dielectric material as the first insulating layer for the disclosed intended purpose of Chen et al. of further improving the performance of integrated circuits, and to deposit a first hard mask over the first insulating layer for the disclosed intended purpose of protecting the first insulating layer that may exhibit patterning problems because of their low etch rate selectivity with respect to photoresist. Furthermore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a combination of an insulating material with a hard mask layer as taught by Chen et al. instead of the silicon oxide layer taught by Michael et al., since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

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With regards to the feature of applying a photoresist material to the first hard mask and etching the first and second air gap in the first hard mask and the first insulating layer, Michael et al. discloses in col. 6, ll. 10-32, that the step of forming a first air gap and a second air gap comprises a masking step and an etching.

With regards to the feature of opening a via hole in the sealing layer, the first hard mask, and the first insulating layer, Michael et al. discloses in fig. 12 that the method further comprises opening a via hole 46 in the sealing layer and the first insulating layer. Michael et al. as modified by Chen et al. would teach that the via hole 46 is also formed in the first hard mask.

With regards to the feature of the steps of forming the via hole, Michael et al. discloses in col. 7, ll. 19-52, that in order to open the via hole in the sealing layer, and the first insulating layer a trench mask is applied defining a via hole pattern, and etching a via hole in the sealing layer and the first insulating layer based on the via hole pattern.

With regards to the feature of forming a conductive plug and forming a second patterned conductive layer, Michael et al. discloses that a conductive plug is formed in the via hole 46; and forming a second patterned layer 40 of conductive material over the sealing layer 30.

With regards to the feature of depositing a second insulating layer over the sealing layer, Michael et al. as modified by Chen et al. discloses in col. 7, ll. 12-17 that an additional insulating layer could be formed prior to the step of forming the via hole, and when this additional insulating layer is included the via hole would be formed

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through the second insulating layer, the sealing layer, and the first insulating layer.

Michael et al. as modified by Chen et al. discloses that use of a combination of insulating layer and hard mask layer, thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form a second hard mask layer over the second insulating layer for the previously disclosed intended purpose of Chen et al. of protecting the underlying insulating layer during the etching step.

With regards to the feature of the sealing layer and the insulating layer comprising a low dielectric constant material, Michael et al. discloses the use of silicon oxide for the sealing layer, Chen et al. discloses that low dielectric constant materials are being used as replacements for silicon oxide in order to improve the performance of the integrated circuits. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a low dielectric constant material as the sealing layer in the invention of Michael et al. for the disclosed intended purpose of Chen et al. of improving the performance of the integrated circuit.

With regards to the feature of the conductive material, Michael et al. discloses that the first patterned layer of conductive material comprises aluminum. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to any of the well known and widely used conductive materials including polysilicon, titanium, titanium nitride, tantalum, tantalum nitride, tungsten, copper, and aluminum, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a

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known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 93-117 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ginette Peralta whose telephone number is (703)305-7722. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 8:00 AM- 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wael Fahmy can be reached on (703)308-4918. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)308-7722 for regular communications and (703)308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0956.

GP

December 27, 2002

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